CSULB ResearchFoundation Building 6300 State University Drive Long Beach, CA 90815

In the event of an emergency such as fire, earthquake, bomb threat or other circumstances requiring evacuation of the CSULB Foundation Building, all employees should be aware of and be ready to perfo a prompt, safe and successful evacuation.

The Building Emergency Alarm System consists of Emergency Alarm, Fire Alarm Pull Stations, Smok Detectors, and a Fire Sprinkler System. All alarm occurrences shall be considered genuine. The alarm sound designating instances of fire, hazardous chemical/gas spills or leaks, following earthquakes who damage has been sustained and other instances as decreedary. Once the alarm is sounded, the evacuation procedure will begin.

Do not break windows to vent smoke, as this may fuel a filten galass is a serious threat to pedestrians and firemen below. The exhaust fans, when activated, will clear the building of smoke within a sho period.

Do not open hot doors. Before opening any door, touch it near the bothtemupward to see if is ihot.

physically challenged individus during an evacuation. Ask if they require assistance (see Guidelines for Evacuation of Disabled Persons below). If they do, you may need to secure the help of another occup who can guide them out the exit and to the assembly area.

Once you can verifthat your section of the structure has been evacuated, leave the building with the other Marshals in your area and secure the exits with "DO NOT ENTER" tape. Proceed to the assembly an and assist in caring for the occupants if necessary.

Once you have left the building, do not meter until you are told that it is safe to do so by the Chief Building Marshal, Emergency Personnel, or Research Foundation Management.

When directed to do so, assist in relocating the building occupants to the main oteateseanbly area.

There will be two evacuation drills each year. The dates will be scheduled by the University an recognized by the entire campus. Employees will be notified in advance that there will be a drill an should review the evacuation procedure if necessary.

The following guidelines should be considered when assisting persons with disabilities. Emergence Building Marshals and volunteers should familiarize themselves with these procedures.

Visual Impairments

Most persons with visual impairments will be familiar with their immediate area. In the event of an emergency, tell the person the nature of the emergency and offer to guide him/her to the nea emergency exit -DO NOT USE ELEVATORS. Have the person take your elbow and escort him/her (this is the preferred method when acting as a "sighted guide"). As you walk, tell the person where you are and advise of any obstacles, e.g. stairs, overhanging objects, unexpavement, curbs parrow passageways, etc. When you have reached safety, orient the person where he/she is and as in the person where he/she is an interpretable in the person where he/sh

to the following illustrations for evacuation options. Check with Building Marshal/Emergency Coordinator for the availability of an evacuation chair if needled NOT USE ELEVATORS. Crutches, canes, and walkers should not be left behind.

Persons Using Wheelchairs

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